



TITLE OF INVENTION: Boston Gauge

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CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

"Not Applicable"

STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR
DEVELOPMENT

"Not Applicable"

REFERENCE TO SEQUENCE LISTING, A TABLE, OR A COMPUTER PROGRAM
LISTING COMPACT DISK APPENDIX

"Not Applicable"

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

0001 The field of endeavor to which the invention pertains to is: Measuring instruments used in Machining or the Machinist trade, and in particular, to measuring bores and bore under cuts.

0002 Now, although other tools can be used to measure the same type of diameters, this

invention:

1. Uses a large AGD group 2, dial indicator, for easier reading.
2. Has more range of motion than most others.
3. is much easier and faster to set up for use than most others.
4. It needs no stand.
5. It has a greater Range of Diameters than most others that it can measure.
6. It uses all Standard (4-48 threaded extensions and tips), that most machinists already have in their tool boxes'.
7. Is, light weight, compact, corrosion resistant and sturdy.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

0003 This invention will provide a quick, easy, and cheap method of measuring bores, and bore under cuts.

0004. The advantages of the invention are: That it is so quick and easy to get ready for use, and that it is much easier to read the graduations of the large dial indicator used, and also that it can be fitted with all standard, dial indicator, tips and extensions of the 4-48 thread size, for virtually unlimited range.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING

0005 (figure 1) is a top view of the preferred embodiment of the invention with a dial indicator mounted thereon for accurately calipering an inside diameter, or bore and or bore under cut.

0006 (figure 2) is a similar view, with the top body removed to show the internal mechanisms, and how they react and interact.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

0007 Boston Gauge: is a precision tool, used to measure internal diameters, and or internal groove diameters, etc. (used primarily in a machine shop).

0008 All parts for this tool will be made using, c.n.c. or manual mills, and or c.n.c. or manual lathes.

0009 To use this gauge, you first screw on any necessary extensions and or tips 18, provided or not, into the 4-48 threaded holes 19. Then using a micrometer or ring gage as a master, simply, insert the fingers 15 and 16 into the micrometer. Then rotate the bezel of the dial indicator 10 to "0", and clamp it, now, using the comparator principle, size can be determined by the deviation from "0". This measurement is carried out by, the interaction of the dial

indicator tip and the pivoting finger 15 contact points 17.

0010 This gauge is comprised of:

- (1) One “lower body” 13 and one “upper body” 12 made from an alloy, or a plastic.
- (2) One “fixed finger” 16 and one “pivoting finger” 15 made from steel or alloy.
- (3) One “dial indicator” 10 used to read your measurement from.

0011 The upper 12 and lower 13 bodies, being held together with button head cap screws will hold the dial indicator 10, the pivoting finger 15, and the fixed finger 16, in their proper place. The pivoting finger 15 will pivot on a dowel pin 14, which will be press fit into the lower body 13, and the fixed finger 16 will also be fixed to the lower body 13 and press fit into place with two dowel pins 14.